ABSTRACT OF THE WORKING PROGRAM OF THE DISCIPLINE "PHYSICS, MATHEMATICS" for specialty 31.05.01. "General medicine"

1. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF MASTERING THE DISCIPLINE

The objectives of the development of the discipline "Physics, mathematics" are:

* Formation of students ' system knowledge about physical properties and physical processes occurring in biological objects, the ability to apply a physical approach and tools to solving medical problems;

* Formation of theoretical knowledge and practical skills of using mathematical apparatus and statistical methods in evidence-based medicine;

* Formation of students ' materialistic worldview and logical thinking on the basis of the natural-scientific nature of the studied material.

Objectives of the discipline:

* Study of the General physical patterns underlying the processes occurring in the body;

* Study of mechanical properties of some biological tissues, physical properties of biological fluids;

* Characteristics of physical factors (environmental, medical, clinical, industrial), disclosure of biophysical mechanisms of their action on the human body;

* Analysis of the physical characteristics of the information on the output of the medical device;

* Study of technical characteristics and purpose of the main types of medical equipment;

* Formation of safety when working with devices and devices.

2. THE PLACE OF DISCIPLINE IN THE STRUCTURE OF THE MAIN EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS OF HIGHER PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

Discipline "Physics, mathematics" refers to the "Mathematical, natural science and biomedical cycle" for the development of the discipline "Physics, mathematics" students must have a basic level of knowledge and skills of the school course of physics and mathematics.

The discipline "Physics, mathematics" together with the disciplines of "Mathematical, natural science and medical-biological cycle – normal and pathological physiology, biochemistry, Microbiology and Virology forms students' systemic knowledge about the nature and direction of processes occurring in the human body, revealing their physical essence. The development of the discipline "Physics, mathematics" should precede the study of specialized disciplines in subsequent courses-hygiene, public health and health care, medical rehabilitation, neurology, otorhinolaryngology, ophthalmology, life safety, disaster medicine, radiation diagnosis and radiation therapy, dentistry, traumatology, orthopedics.

This is due to the fact that the subject reveals the fundamental foundations of the use of physical methods in diagnosis and therapy, reveals the application of theoretical knowledge and practical skills of working with medical devices, apparatus, tools.

3. COMPETENCE OF THE STUDENT, FORMED AS A RESULT OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISCIPLINE (EXPECTED RESULTS OF EDUCATION AND COMPETENCE OF THE STUDENT AT THE END OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROGRAM OF THE DISCIPLINE) "PHYSICS, MATHEMATICS"

As a result of studying the discipline, the student must:

Know:

- mathematical methods of solving intellectual problems and their application in medicine;

- safety regulations and work in physical laboratories;

- basic laws of physics, physical phenomena and laws underlying the processes occurring in the human body;

- characteristics and biophysical mechanisms of influence of physical factors on the body;

- physical bases of functioning of the medical equipment, the device and appointment of the medical equipment;

- physical and chemical essence of the processes occurring in a living organism at the molecular, cellular, tissue and organ levels;

- physico-chemical methods of analysis in medicine.

Be able to:

- use educational, scientific, popular science literature, the Internet for professional activities;

- use physical equipment;

- work with the magnifying technique;

- to carry out calculations based on the results of the experiment, to carry out elementary statistical processing of experimental data

Posses:

- the concept of limitations in the reliability and specificity of the most common laboratory tests;

– skills on the human head.

Competence content (or its part)	Competence content (or its part)	Competency Index
1	2	3
Know:		GC-1
mathematical methods for solving intellectual problems and their application in medicine safety regulations and work	ability to abstract thinking, analysis, synthesis (GC-1); readiness for self-development, self- realization, self-education, use of creative potential (GC-5);	GC-5 GPC -1 PC -4 PC -18 PC -1
in physical laboratories the basic laws of physics, physical phenomena and	willingness to use first aid techniques, methods of protection in emergency situations (GC-7).	PC -22 GC -5 GPC -7
laws underlying the processes characteristics and	readiness to solve standard tasks of professional activity with the use of	PC -22 PC -20
biophysical mechanisms of influence of physical factors on the body	information, bibliographic resources, medical and biological terminology, information and communication technologies and taking into account the basic requirements of information	GPC -11 OK-7 PC -1
physical bases of functioning of medical equipment, device and medical equipment - chemical methods of analysis in medicine	security (GPC-1); ability and willingness to analyze the results of their own activities to prevent professional mistakes (GPC-5); readiness to use basic physical and chemical, mathematical and other natural science concepts and methods in solving	GC -1 GC -7 GPC-5 GPC -11 PC -1 PC -20 PC -22
physicalandchemicalessenceoftheprocessesoccurringinalivingorganismatthemolecular,cellular, tissuelevelsevelsphysico-chemicalmethodsofanalysisinmedicinemedicine	professional problems (GPC -7); readiness to use medical devices provided by the procedures of medical care (readiness to use basic physical and chemical, mathematical and other natural science concepts and methods in solving professional problems (GPC-11)	GC -1 GC -5 GPC -5 PC -20 PC -1 PC -20 GC -1 GC -5

		CDC 11
	set of measures aimed at preserving and	GPC -11
	strengthening health and including the	PC -1
	formation of a healthy lifestyle, prevention of	PC -20
Be able to:	the occurrence and (or) spread of diseases,	
use educational, scientific,	their early diagnosis, identification of the	GC -1
popular science literature,	causes and conditions of their occurrence and	GC -5
the Internet for professional	development, as well as aimed at eliminating	GPC -5
activities	the harmful effects on human health factors of	PC -1
	the environment_(PC-1);	PC -18
	ability and readiness to use social and	PC -20
use medical devices and	hygienic methods of collecting and medical	GC -1
physical equipment	and statistical analysis of information on	GPC -7
	health indicators of the population (PC-4);	GPC -11
	readiness to participate in the	PC -18
work with magnifying	assessment of the quality of medical care	GC -1
technique	using basic medical and statistical indicators	PC -1
teeninque	(PC-18);	PC -18
The rule of conducting	readiness for analysis and public	10-10
calculations based on the	presentation of medical information on the	GC -5
	basis of evidence-based medicine (PC -20);	GC -5 GPC -1
results of their own	willingness to participate in the	GPC -1 PC -22
activities, and the method of	introduction of new methods and techniques	PC -22
elementary statistical	aimed at protecting the health of citizens (PC	
processing	-22)	
Posses:	,	
the concept of limitations in		GC -5
the reliability and		GPC -7
specificity of the most		PC -4
common laboratory tests		rt -4
microscopy skills		GC -1
		GPC -7

4. STRUCTURE AND CONTENT OF THE DISCIPLINE

Section	La La		Types of educational work, including independent work of students and labor intensity (in hours)			t work of	Forms of the present control of progress (by weeks of a
educational disciplines	Semester	Demeste Week	Lectures	Practical lessons	Seminars	llndependent Iwork	semester) form of intermediate certification (by semesters)
Mathematical statistics with the basics of higher mathematics	Ι	1-3		6		9	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks

Vibrations and waves. Acoustics	Ι	4-5	2	3	_	6	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Flow and properties of liquids.	Ι	6-7	2	6	_	3	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Electrodynami cs. Basics of medical electronics	Ι	6-8	4	9	_	8	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Optics. Infrared, ultraviolet radiation	Ι	11-12	2	9	_	8	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Ionizing radiation, dosimetry	Ι	13-14	2	9	_	6	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Physical processes in biological membranes	Ι	15-16	2	3		6	Oral survey, report on laboratory work, problem solving, computer testing, presentation of abstracts, performance of creative tasks
Total:			14	45		46	

5. SCOPE OF DISCIPLINE AND TYPES OF EDUCATIONAL WORK

The total complexity of the discipline are 3 credit units, 108 hours.

Type of educational work	Workload		
	1 course		
1	2		
Classroom sessions (Total hours), including:	108		
Lectures	14		
Seminars	-		
Practic work	45		
Independent work of the student (IWS),	46		
including			
Type of intermediate certification – exam (test)	3		

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